8-1 • Guided Problem Solving

GPS Student Page 436, Exercise 43

Oceanography The function $y = 20 \cdot 0.975^x$ models the intensity of sunlight beneath the surface of the ocean. The output y represents the percent of surface sunlight intensity that reaches a depth of x feet. The model is accurate from about 20 feet to about 600 feet beneath the surface.

- **a.** Find the percent of sunlight 50 feet beneath the surface of the ocean.
- **b.** Find the percent of sunlight at a depth of 370 ft.

Read and Understand

- 1. What does the given function model?
- **2.** What does the input *x* represent? _____
- **3.** What does the input y represent?

Plan and Solve

- **4.** Consider finding the percent of sunlight 50 feet beneath the surface of the ocean. What is the depth x?
- **5.** Use a calculator to evaluate the function at this value. What is the function output? ______
- **6.** Interpret the output as percent sunlight. What is the percent of sunlight 50 feet beneath the surface of the ocean?
- 7. Now consider finding the percent of sunlight at a depth of 370 ft. What is the depth x in this case?
- **8.** Use a calculator to evaluate the function at this value. What is the function output? ______
- **9.** Interpret the result. What is the percent of sunlight at a depth of 370 ft?

Look Back and Check

10. Which depth has more sunlight? Does this agree with your common sense? Check the reasonableness of your answer by using a graphing calculator to graph the function and verify the percent sunlight at each depth.

Solve Another Problem

11. The function $y = 62 \cdot 1.04^x$ models the quiz score of an average student in an algebra class. The output y represents the percent scored correct on the weekly quiz after spending x hours on homework that week. The model is accurate from about 2 hours to about 12 hours. Find the score of an average student that spends 10 hours per week studying algebra. __